UNITED
NATIONS

S

Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/1999/25/Add.40
22 October 1999

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/1999/25 of 15 January 1999, S/1999/25/Add.2 of 29 January 1999, S/1999/25/Add.5 of 19 February 1999, S/1999/25/Add.11 of 1 April 1999, S/1999/25/Add.17 of 14 May 1999, S/1999/25/Add.22 of 18 June 1999, S/1999/25/Add.29 of 6 August 1999 and S/1999/25/Add.37 of 1 October 1999.

During the week ending 16 October 1999, the Security Council took action on the following items:

The situation in Afghanistan (see S/1994/20/Add.3, 11, 31 and 47; S/1996/15/Add.6, 14, 38, 41 and 42; S/1997/40/Add.15, 27 and 50; S/1998/44/Add.14, 28, 31, 34, 37 and 49; and S/1999/25/Add.33; see also S/19420/Add.44; S/20370/Add.14-16; and S/21100/Add.1)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4051st meeting, held on 15 October 1999 in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Afghanistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/1999/1054) submitted by Canada, the Netherlands, the Russian Federation, Slovenia, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/1999/1054, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1267 (1999) (for the text, see S/RES/1267 (1999); to be issued in Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1999).

The situation in Angola (see S/25070/Add.4, 10, 17, 22, 23, 28, 37, 44 and 50; S/1994/20/Add.5, 10, 21, 25, 31, 35, 38, 42, 43 and 48; S/1995/40/Add.5, 9, 14, 18, 31, 40 and 50; S/1996/15/Add.5, 16, 18, 27, 40 and 49; S/1997/40/Add.4, 8, 11, 12, 15, 26, 29, 34, 39 and 43; S/1998/44/Add.4, 11, 17, 20, 23, 25, 26, 32, 37, 41, 48, 51 and 52; and S/1999/25/Add.1, 2, 7, 17, 19, 29 and 33; see also S/19420/Add.51; S/22110/Add.21; and S/23370/Add.12, 27, 37, 40, 43, 48 and 51)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4052nd meeting, held on 15 October 1999 in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it a letter dated 11 August 1999 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/1999/871).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Angola, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/1999/1061) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/1999/1061, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1268 (1999) (for the text, see S/RES/1268 (1999); to be issued in Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1999).